Getting Lean into Office and Business Systems: Integrating Lean, Green and Safety...

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Background and Challenge

- Lean manufacturing concepts are employed by numerous businesses and industry sectors with a goal of becoming more productive.
- "Green" describes initiatives designed to reduce environmental impacts.
- Safety is promoting the health and well-being of all employees on and off-the-job.
- Often, these activities function in organization "silos" resulting in waste and inefficiency.

Lean and Green are Aligning

- Recognizing the synergy of lean manufacturing and green, EPA is promoting efforts among state and federal agencies.
- A 2003 report (68 pages) details numerous benefits of lean initiatives see www.epa.gov/lean/leanreport.pdf
- A quick internet search will show numerous hits for lean and green with safety rarely mentioned.

Waste is the key for integration

- Identification and elimination of the seven forms of lean wastes is the enabler for green and safety. These can be married with:
 - Safety waste injury and illness
 - o Environmental waste air, water and solid

Lean is the enabler for Green and Safety

- Many people hear the term "Lean" but have little understanding of its true meaning.
 - 1) "Lean" has two fundamentals identify waste 2) eliminate waste
- Properly done, the integration of lean, green and safety will lead to an improved organizational culture for several reasons:
 - o All require the demonstrated leadership of top executives.
 - Lean initiatives should begin in the office since it is the home turf for leaders and staffs who make decisions impacting safety and environment.
 - Lean business systems and processes make the workplace safer and more productive, and emotional stress and strain are greatly alleviated.
- Teamwork and standardizing non-standard work result in work that is faster and easier to perform with less training; lean should begin in the office.

Lean in the Office

Examples of lean waste in the office include:

- 1. Correction: transaction errors
- 2. Over-production: printing too many copies
- 3. Motion: excess motion of personnel to complete a task
- 4. Material movement: movement of material or information that adds no value
- 5. Waiting: meetings start late and/or run over allotted time
- 6. Inventory: Ordering more supplies than necessary
- . Process: Often cumbersome or non-existent (i.e. unnecessary reviews / approvals)

Culture Change

- Top management must lead and infuse vision, values and new skills into the management workforce.
- Lean tools, processes and skills that must be learned as part of the culture change include:
 - 5S
 - Value stream mapping (a process that unlocks the hidden waste of office and business systems)
 - Standardized work
 - One-page reports
 - Knowledge folders
 - Lean thinking
 - Lean metrics
 - Lean communications
 - Problem solving (5-Why analysis, fishbone, etc)
 - Safety (on and off-the-job for all staff personnel in addition to those in manufacturing, sales, service, etc...)
 - Risk management
- Repetition builds skills and changes thinking by personnel challenged to "act their way to a new way of thinking."

Conclusion

- The current state is that "lean" is most often thought of for discrete manufacturing with little focus on office and business systems
- The integration of lean, green and safety is a leadership issue; practicing lean in the office allows executives to demonstrate visible leadership
 - Management and staff undergo a culture change, enabling the reduction of all forms of waste and a sustainable future
- Opportunity exists to make a business case for leaders offering culture change via leading lean in the office. Benefits include:
 - o Lean becomes the enabler for green and safety
 - o Immediate operational improvements do not require capital or costly information technology systems